## Fit Test vs Fit Check Know the differences

Protection from airborne contaminants





Fit is **Critical** – one size does NOT fit all

These are as **Serious** as physical hazards





Responsibility is shared by employer and wearer

## Fit Test - the responsibility of the employer

Required in all industries where tight-fitting facepieces are used as a control measure

Faces can vary widely in shape, size and proportion, so selecting the correct model is vital for safe fit

Protection relies on achieving a good seal between the facepiece and the wearer's face

Tight-fitting respirators should be tested: disposable respirators, reusable half masks and reusable full-face masks

Fit Testing should happen during the initial selection of RPE, before being worn in a hazardous environment

The most common Fit Test methods are the Qualitative Taste Test and Quantitative Particle Counting Device

Fit Check - the responsibility of the wearer

The practice of the wearer **checking** their respirator for fit every time it is used

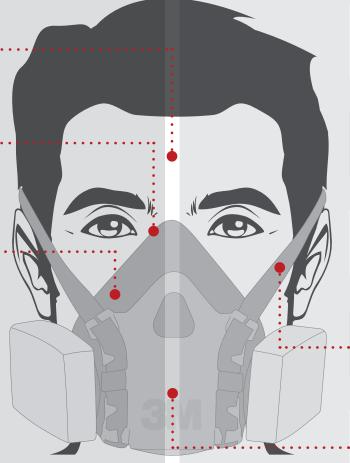
Work-related respiratory disease may be reduced when workers understand how to check that their device is positioned correctly

Fit Checking is not a regulatory requirement but should be regarded as good practice by the wearer

It is important for users to be trained in the technique required for their model of respirator

Following a successful fit test, the wearer is responsible for checking for fit every time the respirator is put on

When fit checking, wearers use negative and positive **Pressure** techniques to judge the quality of fit



Visit our website for more details on Fit Testing and Fit Checking www.3m.co.uk/fittestrespirator

